



Coping with Climate Change in the Pacific Island Region

***A look into objectives, indicators and
management structure***



Outline

- CCCPIR update
- General structure of the programme
- Objectives and indicators of the components
- Regional overview of focal areas
- Regional management and staff representation



CCCPiR update

- Final commission from BMZ on 4th Nov 2010
- With upcoming education component the offer has to be amended, a new offer will be presented to BMZ in March 2011
- Recruitment of new staff started already
- Implementation can go ahead – funds are available for 2011



General overview

CCCPiR



C 1. Strengthening regional advisory and management capacity



C 2. Mainstreaming climate considerations and adaptation strategies



C 3. Implementing adaptation and mitigation measures



C 4. Sustainable tourism and climate change



C 5. Sustainable energy management



C 6. Climate change education



CCCPIR	General objective and indicators
Objective	<p>The capacities of regional organisations in the Pacific Islands region and its member states to adapt to climate change and mitigate its causes are strengthened</p>
Indicators	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="297 514 1889 705">1. The advisory services focusing on climate change (the provision of experts, policy advice, training, information, networking, etc.) that have been developed by SPC and SPREP are increasingly being provided and are being requested by member states (evidence: SPC and SPREP monitoring reports). <li data-bbox="297 714 1889 862">2. National adaptation strategies or sector policies and strategies that explicitly address climate change are being implemented in eight island states (evidence: documentation of measures implemented). <li data-bbox="297 871 1889 1062">3. In ten rural communities in five countries in which measures for adapting to climate changes are being implemented, 50 per cent of the inhabitants (men as well as women) say, when questioned in surveys, that their livelihoods are more secure against climate change (evidence: surveys). <li data-bbox="297 1071 1889 1219">4. Five energy projects that originated from enquiries and which take account of climate change and improve sustainability, reliability and cost effectiveness in the energy sector have reached the investment phase (evidence: financing or promotional commitments). <li data-bbox="297 1228 1889 1319">5. Two agreements to finance climate-related forest protection measures (REDD) have been signed (evidence: agreements).



C 1	Strengthening regional advisory and management capacity
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Objective	Improved advisory and management capacity in regional organisations promotes adaptation to climate change and the reduction of GHG emissions in the region
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C 1	Strengthening regional advisory and management capacity
Objective	Improved advisory and management capacity in regional organisations promotes adaptation to climate change and the reduction of GHG emissions in the region
Indicators	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Five SPC and SPREP strategies and five publications (e.g. annual reports or special executive-level reports) outline advisory packages and activities (of which at least one explicitly references gender) relating to adapting to climate change and reducing greenhouse gas emissions as an integral part of these organisations' outputs (evidence: strategies and publications). 2. A common tool for monitoring the results of adaptation advice is being used in SPC and SPREP for prioritising and improving the interlinking of regional and national activities (evidence: monitoring reports, work plans and joint country strategies). 3. A climate portal set up jointly by SPREP and SPC is being used x times per month (evidence: clicks on Internet page). <p>Decision-makers from SPC and SPREP and from five countries confirm the relevance of the German development cooperation portfolio in the Pacific and its linking with regional and national strategies and tools (evidence: survey of 20 decision-makers).</p>



**C 2**

Mainstreaming climate considerations and adaptation strategies

Objective

Selected Pacific Island states are implementing adaptation strategies for managing natural resources and sector policies that systematically incorporate climate considerations.



C 2	Mainstreaming climate considerations and adaptation strategies
Objective	Selected Pacific Island states are implementing adaptation strategies for managing natural resources and sector policies that systematically incorporate climate considerations.
Indicators	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Prioritised measures are being implemented in five countries as part of national adaptation strategies or adaptation strategies for managing natural resources (evidence: documentation of progress or reports in the local press). 2. In five countries, sector strategies and sector planning documents for managing natural resources contain explicit measures for adapting to climate change or reducing greenhouse gases (evidence: strategies and policy documents). 3. Climate compatibility checks for development planning processes are being routinely used by provincial or local authorities in three countries (evidence: planning documents and authority guidelines).
	<p>Nat. Gov National REDD policy with an institutional and legal framework and an MRV system is operational in Fiji (evidence: laws or regulations).</p>





C 3	Implementing adaptation and mitigation measures
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Objective	Selected Pacific countries have successfully implemented and evaluated adaptation and mitigation measures in the field of natural resources, particularly at community level.
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C 3 **Implementing adaptation and mitigation measures**

Objective Selected Pacific countries have successfully implemented and evaluated adaptation and mitigation measures in the field of natural resources, particularly at community level.

- Indicators**
1. Experiences and best practice from pilot applications of novel technology and measures to adapt to climate change have been documented and evaluated in priority areas of activity and at community level in ten countries (evidence: documentation of progress and experiences in the publications of national organisations, SPC and SPREP).
 2. Jointly developed cross-sector adaptation measures that incorporate the principles of gender equality and nature conservation are being implemented in 20 communities in eight countries (evidence: community planning documents).

**Nat. Gov,
SPC**

Jointly developed pilot REDD projects that incorporate the principles of gender equality and nature conservation are being implemented in Fiji (evidence: community planning documents).



C 4

Sustainable tourism and climate change

Objective

Innovative partnerships and approaches in the tourism sector are promoting adaptation to climate change and a reduction in GHGs on the Pacific islands of Fiji, Samoa, Vanuatu and Palau.



C 4

Sustainable tourism and climate change

Objective

Innovative partnerships and approaches in the tourism sector are promoting adaptation to climate change and a reduction in GHGs on the Pacific islands of Fiji, Samoa, Vanuatu and Palau.

Indicators

1. Three instances of Public Private Partnership (PPP) or Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) approaches to promoting adaptation to climate change and a reduction in GHGs are being used in the tourism sector (evidence: documentation of progress).
2. Six tourism initiatives at a community level are demonstrably resistant to climate change and contribute to protecting natural resources (evidence: vulnerability analyses).

**SPTO,
hotels**

Two countries, the national development strategies for the tourism sector include climate change in their approach to development (evidence: sector strategies).

**C 5**

Sustainable energy management

Objective

Public and private service providers in the energy sector are strengthening and improving their climate-related services and their focus on sustainability, reliability and cost-effectiveness in the energy sector within the region



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Sustainable energy management

Objective

Public and private service providers in the energy sector are strengthening and improving their climate-related services and their focus on sustainability, reliability and cost-effectiveness in the energy sector within the region

Indicators

1. Five country plans for cost-effective, climate-smart and sustainable energy supply have been drawn up in line with country-specific and regional energy policy guidelines or recommendations (evidence: planning documents).
2. Fifteen project ideas based on specific queries by energy consumers or providers have been evaluated by partner organisations to ascertain whether they comply with the relevant country-specific energy policy and have been developed jointly with the applicants into project applications in line with standard banking practice (evidence: project applications).

SPC

In the support of this project, funding for five project applications to finance climate-smart measures in line with standard banking practice has been negotiated with the private sector and with development banks operating in the region (evidence: funding or promotional decisions).



C 6

Climate change education

Objective

Capacities of education ministries, training institutions, schools and teachers are strengthened to plan and deliver education on climate change adaptation and mitigation

Indicators

Not developed yet, but possibly measuring number of teachers delivering education on CC, inclusion of climate change into technical and vocational into national qualification frameworks etc.

**SPC-SPBEA,
USP**



Fund	Small grants fund
Objective	Flexible support of small/micro adaptation initiatives
	Fund will be jointly managed by CCCPIR and the German embassies responsible for PICs (Wellington, Canberra, Manila)
	Budget: € 500,000

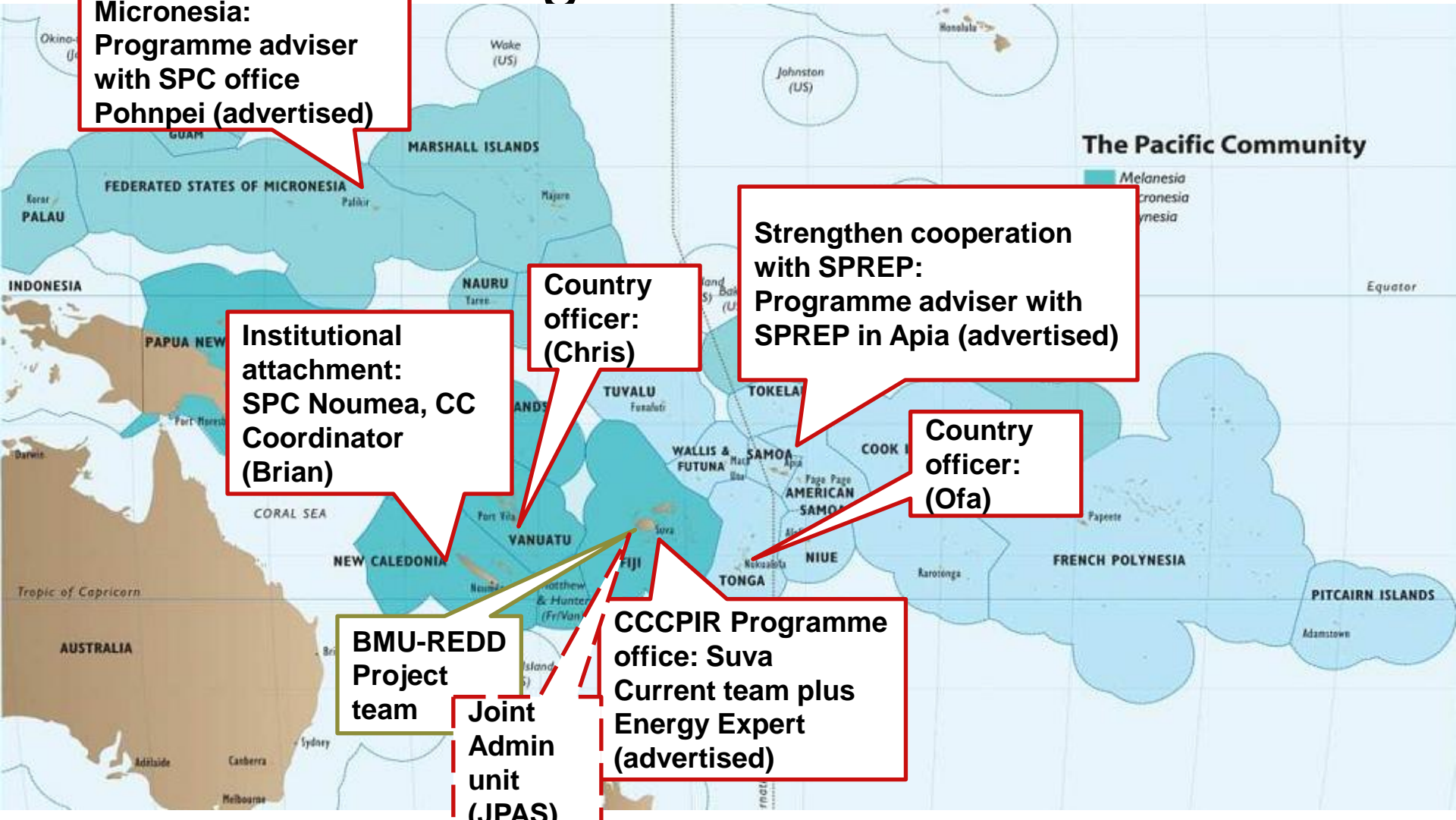
German embassies



Country focus (tentative)	C2: Mainstreaming/ Strategies sectoral focus (as indicated at the appraisal mission)	C3: Pilot projects sectoral focus (as indicated at the appraisal mission)	C4: Tourism	C5: Energy	C6: Education	BMU-ICI REDD Project
FSM	Integrated land & marine resources	Food security	✘	✘	✘	✘
Fiji	Land based resources	REDD, land resources	✓	✘	✓	(CCCPIR)
Kiribati	Integrated land & marine resources	Food security	✘	✓	✓	✘
Marshall Isl	Water resource management	Water resources	✘	✘	✘	✘
Nauru	Marine resource management	Marine resources	✘	✓	✘	✘
Palau	Marine resources	Water resources	✓	✘	✘	✘
PNG	Land based resources	Land resources	✘	✘	✘	✓
Samoa	Marine resource management	Marine resources	✓	✘	✓	✘
Solomon Isl	Cross sectoral mainstreaming	Water resources	✘	✘	✘	✓
Tonga	Land based resources	Land resources	✘	✓	✓	✘
Tuvalu	Integrated land & marine resources	Marine resources	✘	✓	✘	✘
Vanuatu	Land based resources	Land resources	✓	✓	✓	✓



Regional structure





Vinaka!